

**MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH  
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS  
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH**

Do not use this space.

29059

**1. PLACE OF DEATH**

County Chambers Registration District No. 206 File No. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Township Lathrop Primary Registration District No. 3384A Registered No. 17  
 City \_\_\_\_\_ (No. \_\_\_\_\_) St. \_\_\_\_\_ Ward \_\_\_\_\_

**2. FULL NAME**

Wiza Ann Hayes  
 (s) Residence, No. \_\_\_\_\_ St. \_\_\_\_\_ Ward \_\_\_\_\_  
 (Usual place of abode) (If nonresident, give city or town and State)  
 Length of residence in city or town where death occurred yrs. mos. ds. How long in U. S., if not born here? 71 yrs. mos. ds.

**PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS**

3. SEX 7 4. COLOR OR RACE White 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (write the word) Married

5A. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF Married

6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY, AND YEAR) March 28 1864

7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS If LESS than 1 day, ..... hrs. or ..... min.  
71 5 16

8. Trade, profession, or particular kind of work done, as spinner, sawyer, bookkeeper, etc. housewife

9. Industry or business in which work was done, as silk mill, saw mill, bank, etc. Home

10. Date deceased last worked at this occupation (month and year) 10-23-35 11. Total time (years) spent in this occupation 71

12. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) (STATE OR COUNTRY) Ill

13. NAME Peter Carter

14. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) (STATE OR COUNTRY) Ky

15. MAIDEN NAME Kartana Odair

16. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) (STATE OR COUNTRY) Ky

17. INFORMANT (ADDRESS) Mrs. Francis Johnson

18. BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL PLACE Platburg Mo DATE Sept 12 1935

19. UNDERTAKER (ADDRESS) B. J. Williams

20. FILED 9-10-35 E. B. Dunsen Registrar

**MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH**

21. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY, AND YEAR) Sept 10 1935

22. I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended deceased from Aug 7 1935 to Sept 10 1935  
 I last saw her alive on Sept 10 1935 Death is said to have occurred on the date stated above, at 5:54 a. m.

The principal cause of death and related causes of importance were as follows:

Lobar Pneumonia 8-21-35  
100  
 Other contributory causes of importance:  
Hypertension 1932  
Myocarditis Chronic 1933

Name of operation \_\_\_\_\_ Date of \_\_\_\_\_  
 What test confirmed diagnosis? Clinical Was there an autopsy? No

23. If death was due to external causes (violence), fill in also the following:  
 Accident, suicide, or homicide? \_\_\_\_\_ Date of injury \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_  
 Where did injury occur? \_\_\_\_\_ (Specify city or town, county, and State)

Specify whether injury occurred in industry, in home, or in public place.

Manner of injury \_\_\_\_\_  
 Nature of injury \_\_\_\_\_

24. Was disease or injury in any way related to occupation of deceased? No  
 If so, specify \_\_\_\_\_

(Signed) E. B. Dunsen, M. D.  
 (Address) Lathrop Mo

N. B.—Every item of information should be carefully supplied. AGE should be stated EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS should state CAUSE OF DEATH in plain terms, so that it may be properly classified. Exact statement of OCCUPATION is very important.

The following table shows the distribution of income among the population of the United States in 1947. The data are based on the 1947 Survey of Consumer Expenditures, which is a representative sample of the population of the United States. The table shows the percentage of the population in each income bracket, the percentage of total income received by each bracket, and the average income per person in each bracket.

Income Bracket	Percentage of Population	Percentage of Total Income	Average Income per Person
Under \$1,000	42.0	12.5	\$2,857
\$1,000 - \$2,499	28.0	22.5	\$8,036
\$2,500 - \$4,999	15.0	32.5	\$21,667
\$5,000 - \$9,999	7.0	28.5	\$40,714
\$10,000 - \$14,999	3.0	12.5	\$41,667
\$15,000 - \$24,999	1.0	5.5	\$54,545
\$25,000 - \$49,999	0.5	2.5	\$49,500
\$50,000 - \$99,999	0.2	1.0	\$49,500
\$100,000 and over	0.1	0.5	\$49,500
Total	100.0	100.0	\$2,857

The data in the table show that the majority of the population (42%) is in the lowest income bracket, but they receive only 12.5% of the total income. The top 1% of the population (those with income of \$49,500 or more) receive 0.5% of the total income. This illustrates the significant income inequality in the United States in 1947.